



**On a mission to change the world by
making AI more sustainable**

HOW TO BUILD A SUSTAINABLE AI INFRASTRUCTURE

WHO ARE WE?



Robert Keus
Co-founder & CEO



Cas Burggraaf
Co-founder & CTO

WHO IS GREENPT?

We are a startup from Utrecht, The Netherlands.
A spin off from Brthrs agency and very
passionate about building sustainable and
privacy friendly AI solutions.

🇪🇺 Privacy

🍀 Environment

💎 Quality

📝 Certifications: Positive DPIA & AI Impact Assessment



WHY GREENPT

“Data centres accounted for 1.5% of the world’s electricity consumption.

AI will DOUBLE this by 2030.

We need solutions at scale to offset this impact.”

Full stack AI provider

We provide a full-stack AI platform (API & Chat) that meets all the needs of companies and developers, covering 90% of the tasks that frontier platforms handle.



GreenL

Language/Vision
Model



GreenR

Reasoning Model



GreenS

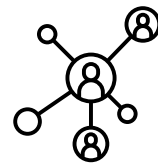
Speech to Text



Router



Reranking



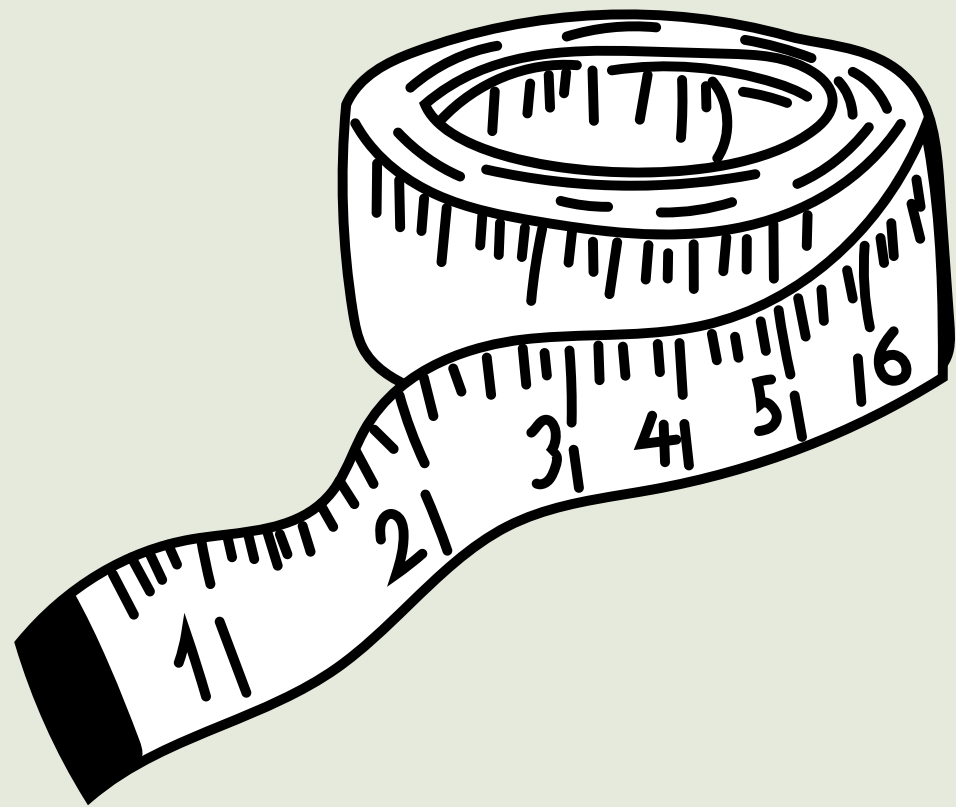
MCP



Embedding



OCR



**“Sustainability starts with
measuring your impact.”**





Un hosting web rápido,
seguro y de confianza.



MOLLY TAFT SCIENCE JUN 19, 2025 6:00 AM

How Much Energy Does AI Use? The People Who Know Aren't Saying

A growing body of research attempts to put a number on energy use and AI—even as the companies behind the most popular models keep their carbon emissions a secret.



Bigger isn't always better

The AI community's obsession with size can largely be attributed to the 2019 [blog post](#) by Rich Sutton, in which he insists on the importance of increased computation and scale to improve the accuracy of AI models. This idea got adopted by the machine learning community as a philosophy –that when larger models are trained on more data with more compute, their performance improves. This performance comes with a cost – now the training of a single AI model can cost hundreds of millions of dollars in cloud compute (see Table below) – and use thousands of MWh of energy.

MODEL NAME	NUMBER OF PARAMETERS	ENERGY CONSUMPTION	CO ₂ EQ EMISSIONS
GPT-3	175B	1,287 MWh	502 tons
Gopher	280B	1,066 MWh	352 tons
OPT	175B	324 MWh	70 tons
BLOOM	176B	433 MWh	25 tons

Source: Luccioni et al. ([BLOOM paper](#))

Opinion Technology sector

We still don't know how much energy AI consumes

Companies must give us the chance to understand the environmental impact of the tech we use

SASHA LUCCIONI [Add to myFT](#)



A data centre complex under development in Fayetteville, Georgia. Greater transparency of AI energy consumption could incentivise the use of smaller, more sustainable models © Elijah Nouvelage/Bloomberg

Eur

Sport

Culture

Lifestyle



Environment Science Global development Football Tech Business Obituaries

This article is more than 3 months old

Elon Musk's xAI powering its facility in Memphis with 'illegal' generators

Advocacy group says the firm has doubled the number of methane gas burning turbines it's using without permits

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avec un engagement de 12

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AI Models Hiding Their Energy Footprint? Here's What You Can Do

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Community Article Published April 14, 2025



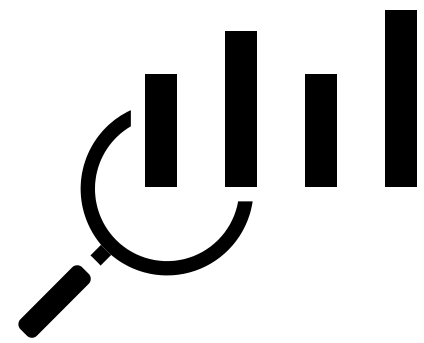
Sasha Luccioni
[sasha](#) Follow



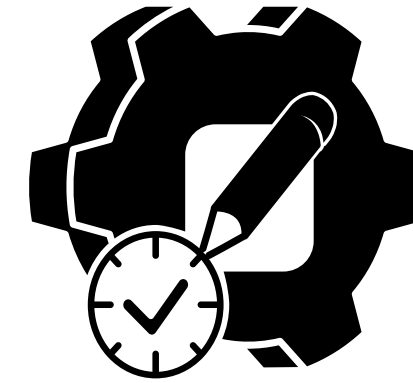
Boris Gamazaychikov
[bgamazay](#) Follow

In February 2025, at the AI Action Summit in Paris, we [launched](#) the [AI Energy Score project](#) with a goal of bringing transparency to the energy consumption of AI models and empowering sustainable decisions across the industry. Now, we need the community's help to help the project realize its full potential.

Sustainability measurements for AI can be done in two ways.



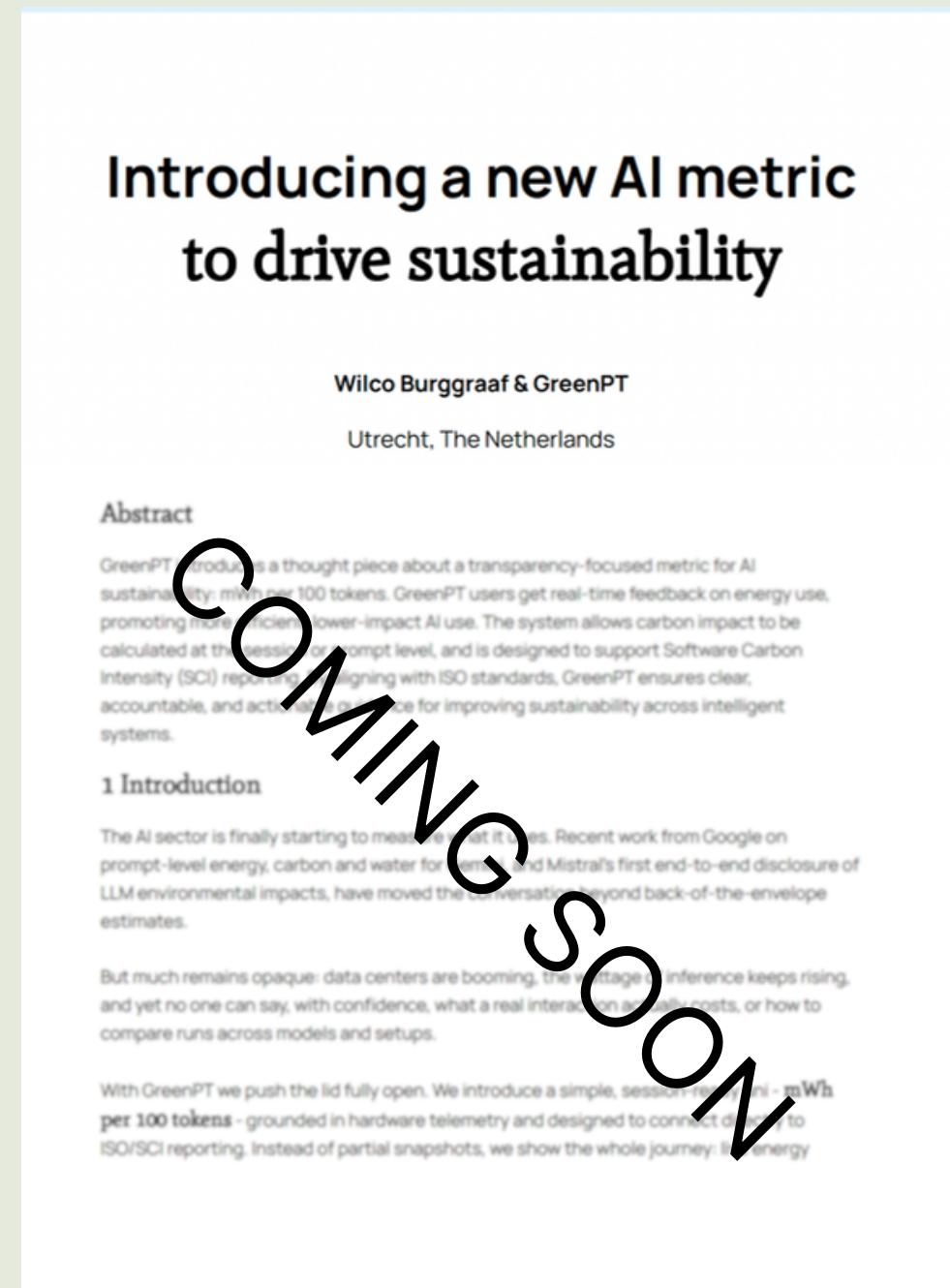
Benchmark



**Realtime
measurement**

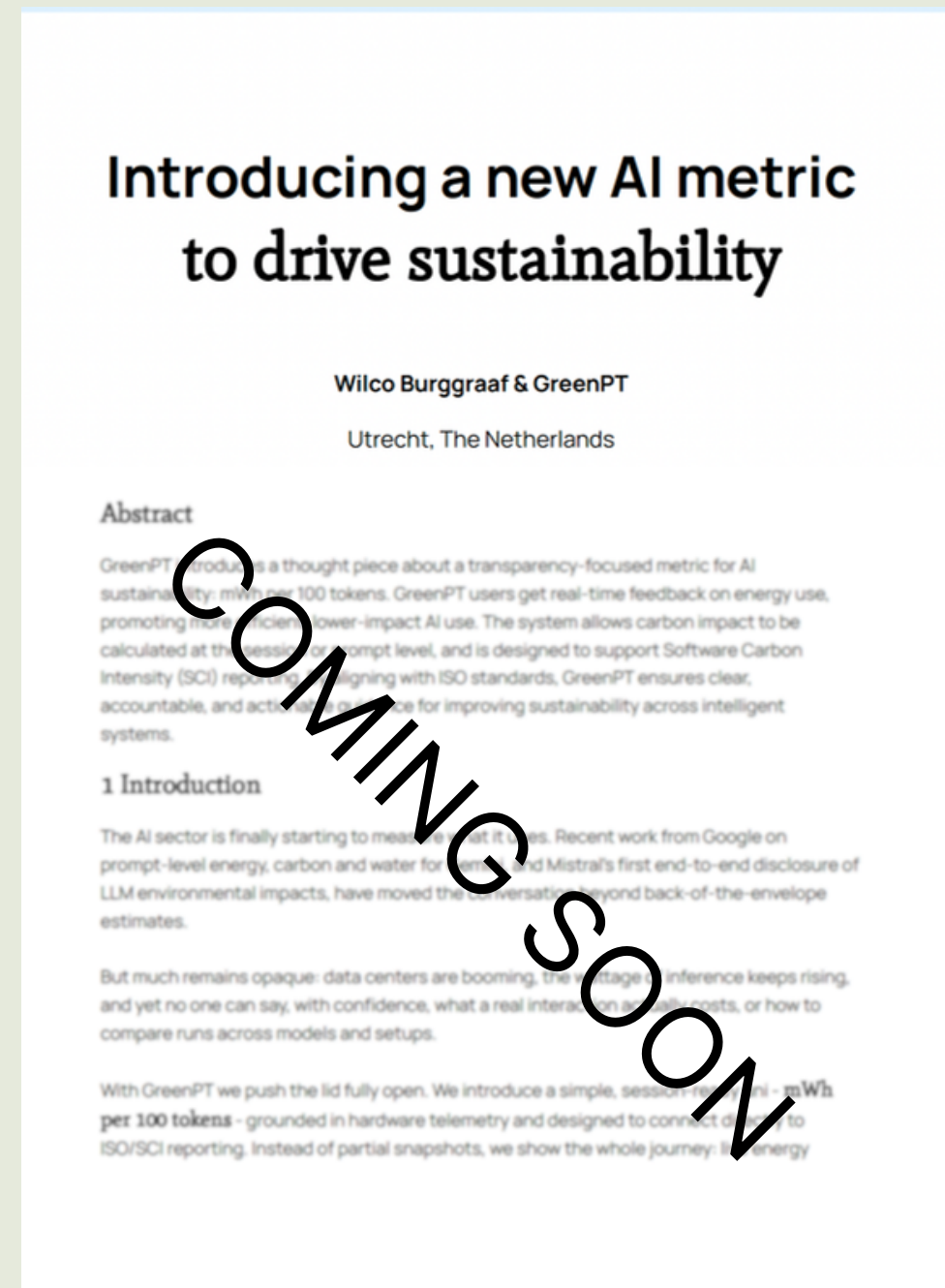
OUR METRIC (THE FIRST STEP)

Our thought piece



OUR METRIC (THE FIRST STEP)

Our thought piece



BENCHMARKING

GPU: NVIDIA H100 PCIe

TDP Rating: 350W

Idle Power

~100W

Baseline consumption when not processing

Under Load

~300W

Typical inference workload consumption

BENCHMARKING

CPU: AMD Zen 4 CPUs

Idle

~40W

Baseline CPU consumption

Feeding GPU

~80W

During inference operations

BENCHMARKING

Overhead Factor Calculation

Methodology for scaling from GPU-only to total cluster energy consumption

Calculation Method

Step 1: Calculate E_{GPU}

Energy consumption estimation for GPU-only operations (excluding GPU-supporting CPUs)

Step 2: Calculate $E_{Cluster}$

Total energy consumption including GPUs and all CPU overhead

BENCHMARKING

Overhead Factor Calculation

Methodology for scaling from GPU-only to total cluster energy consumption

Calculation Method

Overhead Factor Formula

$$\text{Overhead Factor} = E_{\text{Cluster}} / E_{\text{GPU}}$$

This proportion allows us to scale GPU energy consumption to total cluster consumption

Step 3: Calculate overhead

$$380 / 300 = 1.27$$

Step 4: Apply to GPU Power consumption

$$300 * 1.27 = 380W$$



OKAY, WE STILL HERE?
Because more formulas are incoming!

BENCHMARKING

$$\text{WATT} / 3600(\text{H} \rightarrow \text{S}) = \text{Wh/s} / 1000 = \text{mWh/s}$$
$$**380 W \div 3600 = 0,10556 Wh/s = 105,6 mWh/s**$$

BENCHMARKING

▼ Run 1 - 51674 tokens, 56.7 seconds					
Step	User Length	Response Length	Tokens	Tokens/s	Time (ms)
2	642	3413	3996	395.49	10104
3	212	2042	4353	785.74	5540
4	629	1980	5354	758.03	7063
5	212	1606	5922	908.42	6519
6	760	2963	6812	819.83	8309
7	212	2342	7759	980.04	7917
8	590	2361	8536	1233.70	6919
9	212	1349	8942	2040.62	4382

OUR METRIC

$\text{mWh per 100 tokens} = (\text{Total energy in mWh} \div \text{total tokens}) \times 100$

OUR METRIC

mWh per 100 tokens = (Total energy in mWh ÷ total tokens) × 100

$((105,6 * 56,7)) / 51674) \times 100 = 11,59$ mWh per 100 tokens

**BUT FIRST,
HOW CAN WE INFLUENCE THIS IMPACT NUMBER?**



11,59 mWh per 100 tokens

HOW CAN WE INFLUENCE THIS IMPACT NUMBER?

Models

Bigger is not always better

Quantization

Chat

System prompt

Human influence

Hardware

Efficient hardware

Efficient hardware use

MODELS

Bigger is not always better

We use medium size modals, for example GPT-OSS 120b and Mistral Small 24B

Quantization

Our models use quantization like GUFF and MXFP4. MXFP4 is a standard which is used by OpenAI, Google, NVIDIA and Microsoft.

CHAT & API



**System
prompt**



**Human
influence**

HARDWARE

We choose the hardware fits to the model

For example, our speech to text model are on a NVidia L40 and our larger models are on NVidia H100

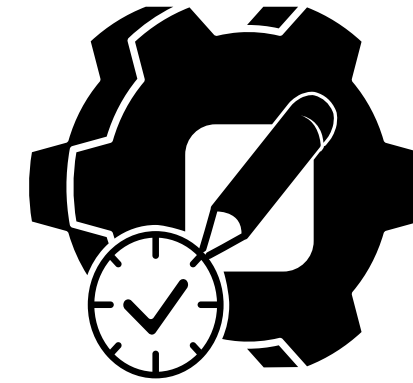
Efficient hardware use (splitting the GPU)

By splitting larger GPU's we still can use the speed of the chip, but share resources like VRAM with different other models. So we can deploy different models, like Embedding, Reranker, etc

Sustainability measurements for AI can be done in two ways.



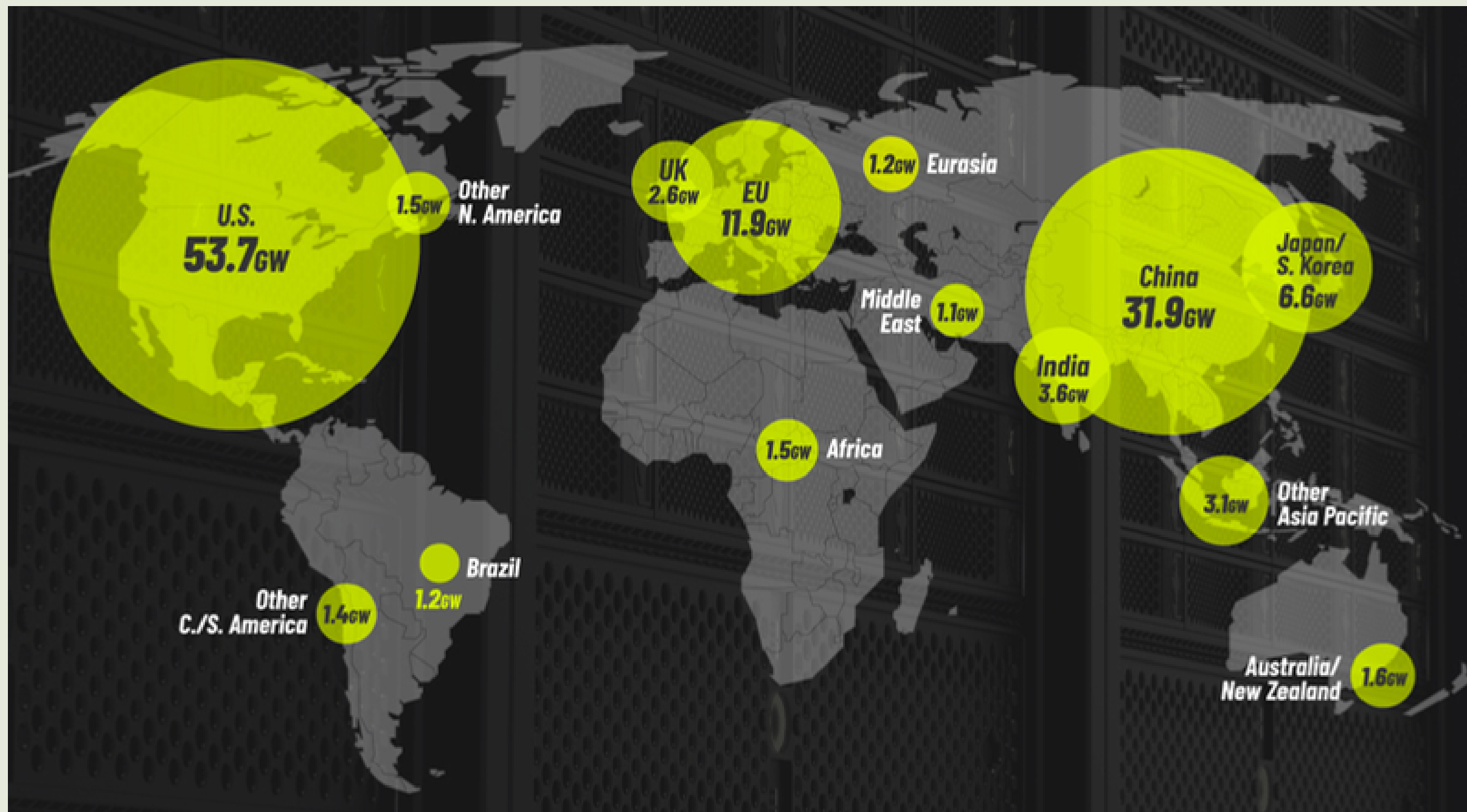
Benchmark



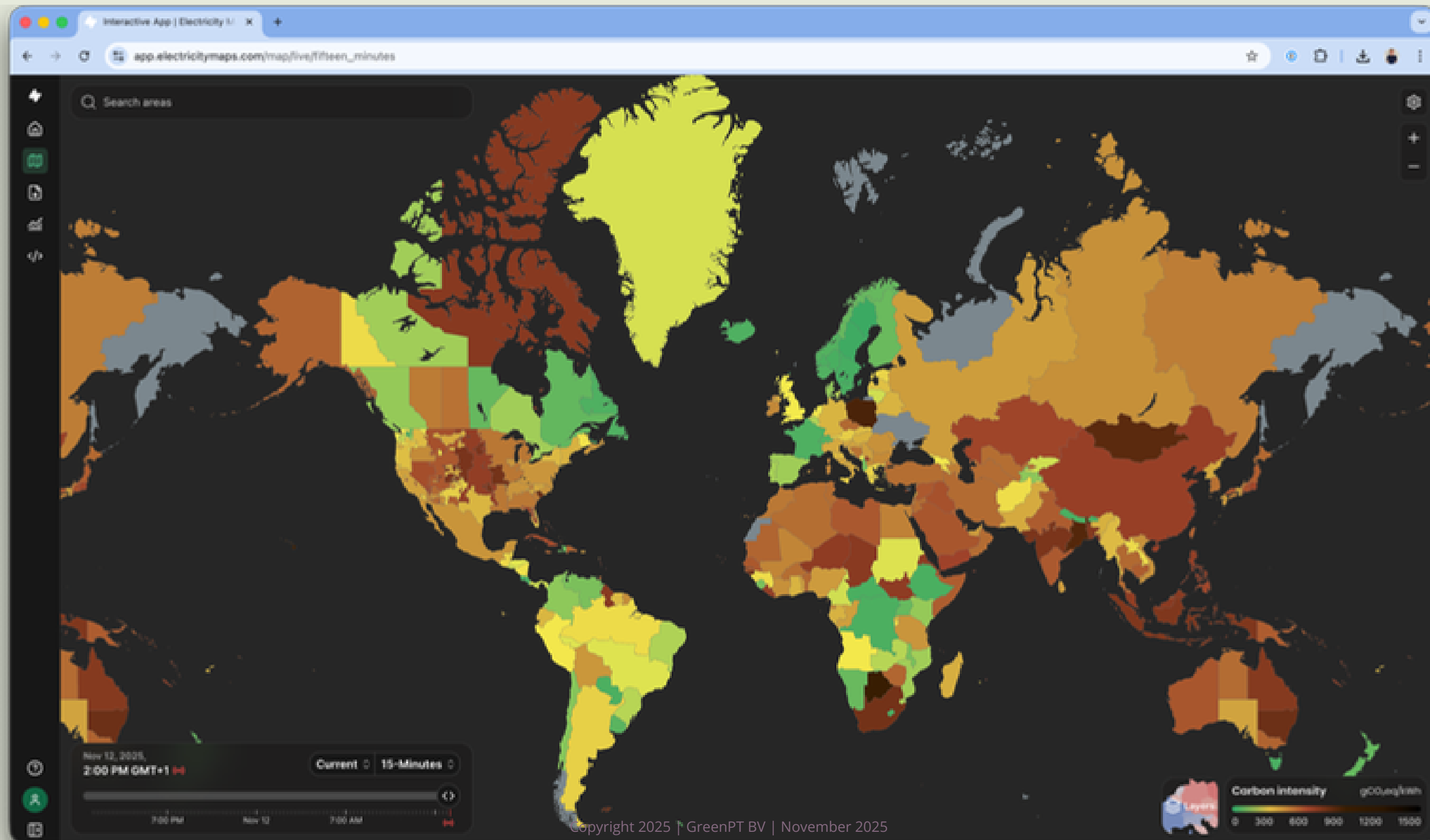
**Realtime
measurement**

FROM POWER TO IMPACT

FROM POWER TO IMPACT



FROM POWER TO IMPACT



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ECO-COMPUTE 2025

FROM POWER TO IMPACT



PUE: 1,25

WUE: 0,25

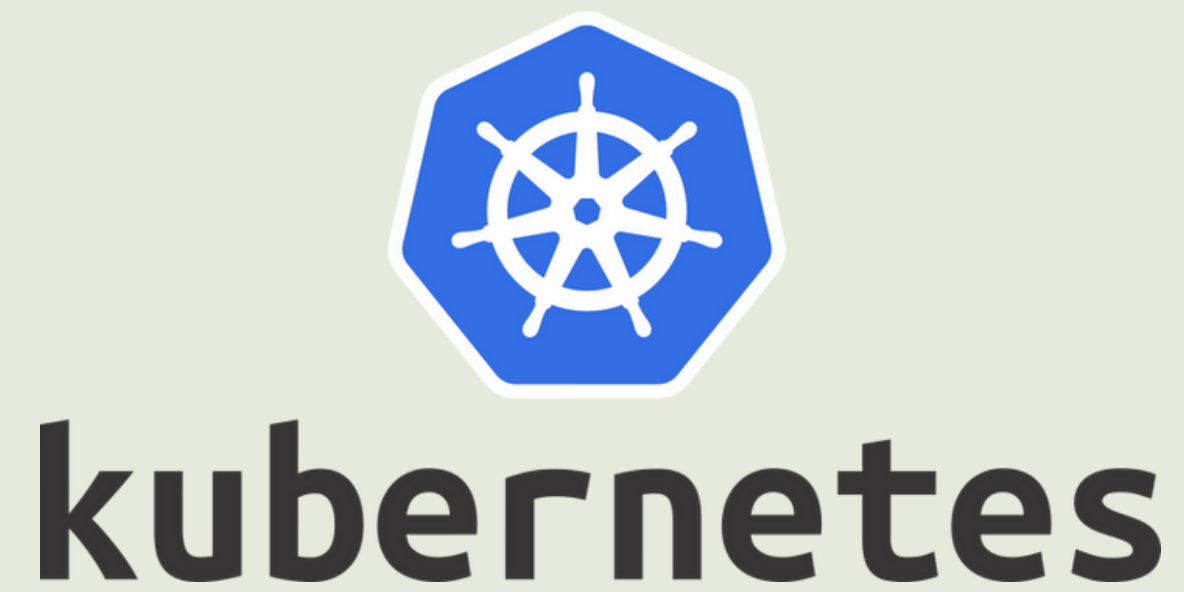
Power source: 100% renewable

Cooling system: Direct free cooling with adiabatic cooling

**BUT, HOW DO YOU ENSURE THAT YOUR PARTNERS
SHARE THE SAME PRINCIPLES AS YOU?**

BY MINIMIZING PARTNERS AND DEPENDENCIES

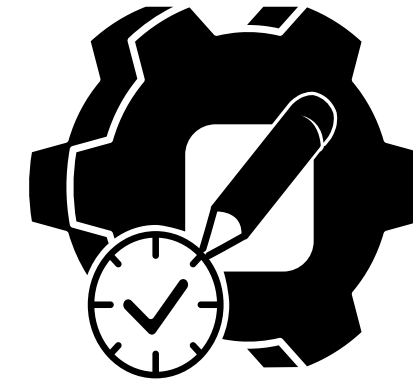
OUR TECH STACK



Sustainability measurements for AI can be done in two ways.



Benchmark

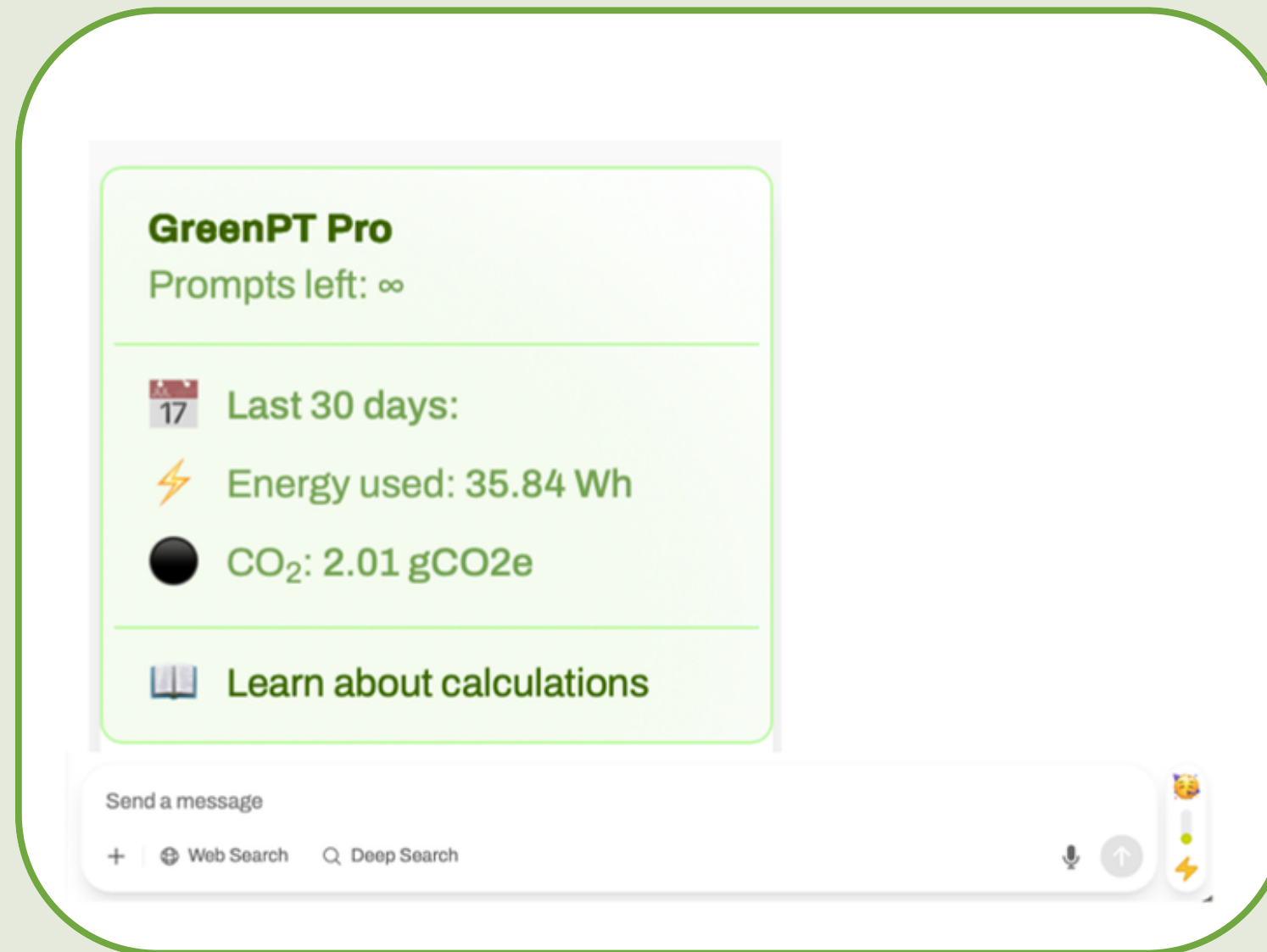


**Realtime
measurement**

Realtime measurement



Realtime measurement



OpenAI Compatible API



```
{
  "object": "chat.completion",
  "model": "green-r-raw",
  "choices": [
    {
      "index": 0,
      "message": {
        "role": "assistant",
        "content": "Hello!",
        "reasoning_content": "The user says: \"Hello very short message you should generate.\" They likely want a short message. Could be \"Hello!\"? The instruction: \"Hello very short message you should generate.\" It's ambiguous. Probably want a short reply. So respond with a very short message: maybe \"Hello!\" or \"Hi!\" Let's be safe: \"Hello!\""
      }
    }
  ],
  "usage": {
    "prompt_tokens": 77,
    "total_tokens": 159,
    "completion_tokens": 82,
    "inferenceTiming": {
      "inferenceTimeMs": 574.1082799434662
    }
  },
  "impact": {
    "inferenceTime": {
      "total": 574,
      "unit": "ms"
    },
    "energy": {
      "total": 148614,
      "unit": "Wms"
    },
    "emissions": {
      "total": 2,
      "unit": "ugCO2e"
    }
  }
}
```

Realtime measurement



```
    "usage": {
      "prompt_tokens": 77,
      "total_tokens": 159,
      "completion_tokens": 82,
      "inferenceTiming": {
        "inferenceTimeMs": 574.1082799434662
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    }
  }
}
```



**We're excited to change the
future of AI**

Robert Keus - robert@greenpt.ai

Cas Burggraaf - cas@greenpt.ai



**We're excited to change the
future of AI**

And you can try it out ;)